

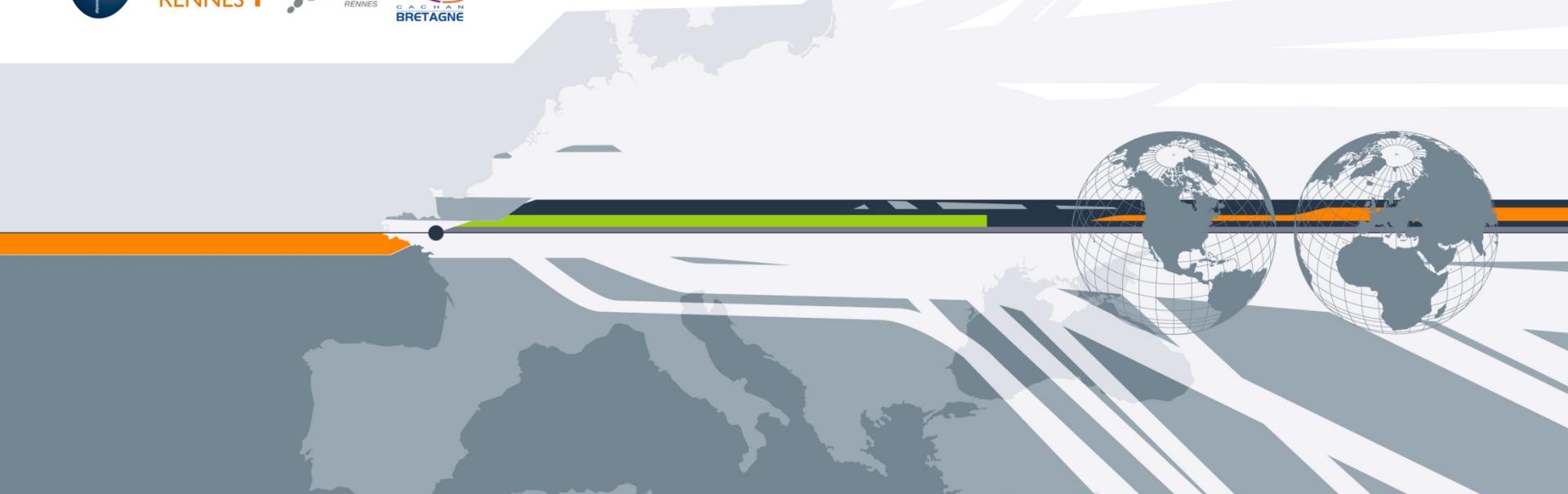
A Generic Framework for implementing TTCN-3 Logging Modules

Anthony Baire, Radu Muresan, César Viho

UMR IRISA

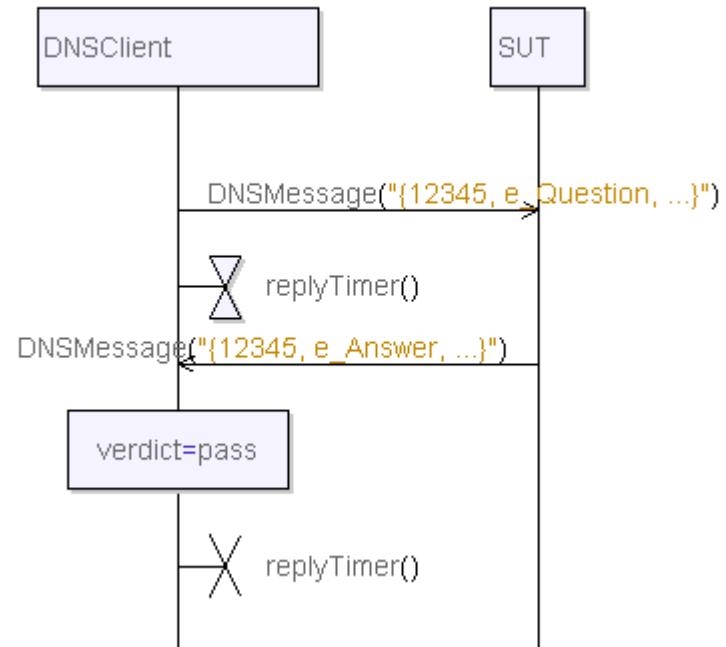


November 2009
TTCN-3 Asia User Conference



TTCN-3 and Test Logging

- The language is well- formalised
 - most of available tools provide a generic logging module
 - test developers do not have to implement logging



Why do we need specialised logging modules ?

- Some examples:
 - to describe the content of the messages
 - to use a specific presentation format
 - to reconstruct a session from different packets

Example 1: describing a message Existing solution in LibSip

```
type record Request
{
    RequestLine    requestLine,
    MessageHeader msgHeader,
    MessageBody   messageBody optional,
    Payload       payload optional
}
```

Generic type definition
for a SIP Request

```
type record REGISTER_Request
{
    RequestLine    requestLine,
    MessageHeader msgHeader,
    MessageBody   messageBody optional,
    Payload       payload optional
}
```

14 similar definitions
for each variant of
SIP Request

```
type record INVITE_Request
{ ... }
```

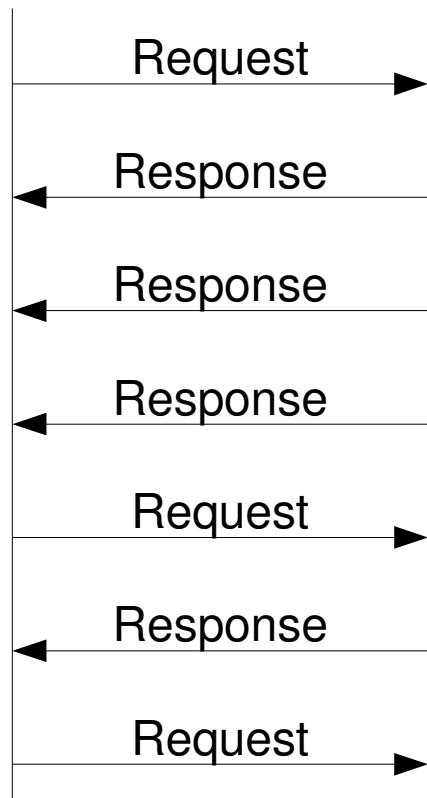
```
type record OPTIONS_Request
{ ... }
```

```
...
```

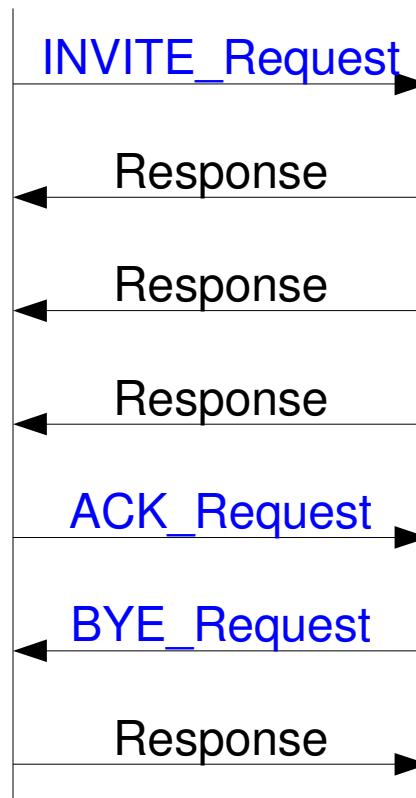
« the introduction of the specific types
is to enable better means for logging »

Example 1: log traces

using a generic type



using multiple types
(workaround)



our objective



Example 2: presentation format

- How to represent an IP Address in TTCN-3 ?

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| – octetstring | → 'C0A8002A'0 |
| – bitstring | → '1100000 0000000 |
| – integer | → 323223562 |
| – charstring | → "192.168.0.42" |
| – record of | → {192, 168} |
| – record | → {a:=192, |

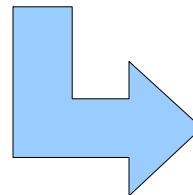
Preferred format for
manipulating IP addresses

Preferred format for
presenting IP addresses

Example 3: reconstruct a conversation

- A useful feature *wireshark* provides

| No. . | Time | Source | Destination | Protocol | Info |
|-------|-----------|----------------|----------------|----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | 0.000000 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | TCP | 55309 > ftp [SYN] Seq=0 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=1460 TSV=560846 TSER= |
| 2 | 0.000304 | 131.254.254.45 | 131.254.14.21 | TCP | ftp > 55309 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5792 Len=0 MSS=1460 TSV=560846 TSER= |
| 3 | 0.000392 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | TCP | 55309 > ftp [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=5888 Len=0 TSV=560847 TSER=47 |
| 4 | 0.002263 | 131.254.254.45 | 131.254.14.21 | FTP | Response: 220 Welcome to IRISA FTP service. |
| 5 | 0.002338 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | TCP | 55309 > ftp [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=36 Win=5888 Len=0 TSV=560847 TSER=4 |
| 6 | 3.799626 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | FTP | Request: USER anonymous |
| 7 | 3.799978 | 131.254.254.45 | 131.254.14.21 | TCP | ftp > 55309 [ACK] Seq=36 Ack=17 Win=5792 Len=0 TSV=47423397 TSER= |
| 8 | 3.800189 | 131.254.254.45 | 131.254.14.21 | FTP | Response: 331 Please specify the password. |
| 9 | 3.800278 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | TCP | 55309 > ftp [ACK] Seq=17 Ack=70 Win=5888 Len=0 TSV=561797 TSER= |
| 10 | 11.960012 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | FTP | Request: PASS someone@nowhere.com |
| 11 | 11.961352 | 131.254.254.45 | 131.254.14.21 | FTP | Response: 230 Login successful. |
| 12 | 11.961490 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | TCP | 55309 > ftp [ACK] Seq=43 Ack=93 Win=5888 Len=0 TSV=563837 TSER= |
| 13 | 11.961590 | 131.254.14.21 | 131.254.254.45 | FTP | Request: SYST |

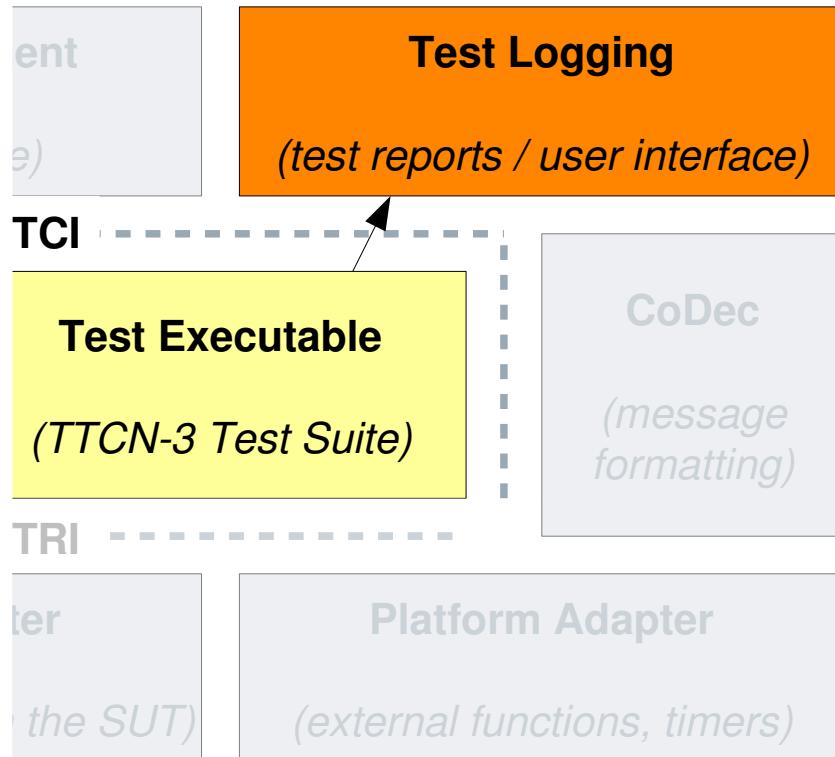


Stream Content

```
220 Welcome to IRISA FTP service.  
USER anonymous  
331 Please specify the password.  
PASS someone@nowhere.com  
230 Login successful.  
SYST  
215 UNIX Type: L8  
CWD /pub/OpenBSD  
250 Directory successfully changed.  
PASV  
227 Entering Passive Mode (131,254,254,45,76,191)  
LIST  
150 Here comes the directory listing.  
226 Directory send OK.  
TYPE I  
200 Switching to Binary mode.  
PASV  
227 Entering Passive Mode (131,254,254,45,74,144)  
RETR README
```



How to implement a logging module for a TTCN-3 test suite?



- Use the TCI-TL (*TTCN-3 Control Interface*)
 - a standard interface
 - it reports all events in the test execution *(eg. message sent)*
 - usable in C/Java/XML

Implement the TCI-TL interface... at what cost?

- 100+ functions to be provided by the TL module
 - ~9 parameters in each function
 - Flat design: one event → one TL function
 - TCI-TL is still evolving
- a huge task... and this just to support the TL interface



The TL Dilemma

- Most of the tasks of a TL module are generic
 - display the events, draw sequence charts
 - load/save the logs on the disk
 - provide a GUI
- a tiny part in the TL is specific to the actual test suite
 - describe the content of the messages
 - present a type in a specific format

→ choosing between a generic logger or a home-made logger is an **all-or-nothing** situation

Objectives for our TL Framework

- provide a generic representation for TL events
 - easy to define
 - easy to update (futures changes in the standard)
 - easy to browse (without knowing the their structure)
- provide means for storing the logs
- allow to implement new back-ends independently

Example of TCI-TL functions

```
void tliTcStop
```

```
(String am, long int ts, String src,  
long int line, TriComponentId c)
```

```
void tliLog
```

```
(String am, long int ts, String src,  
long int line, TriComponentId c,  
String log)
```

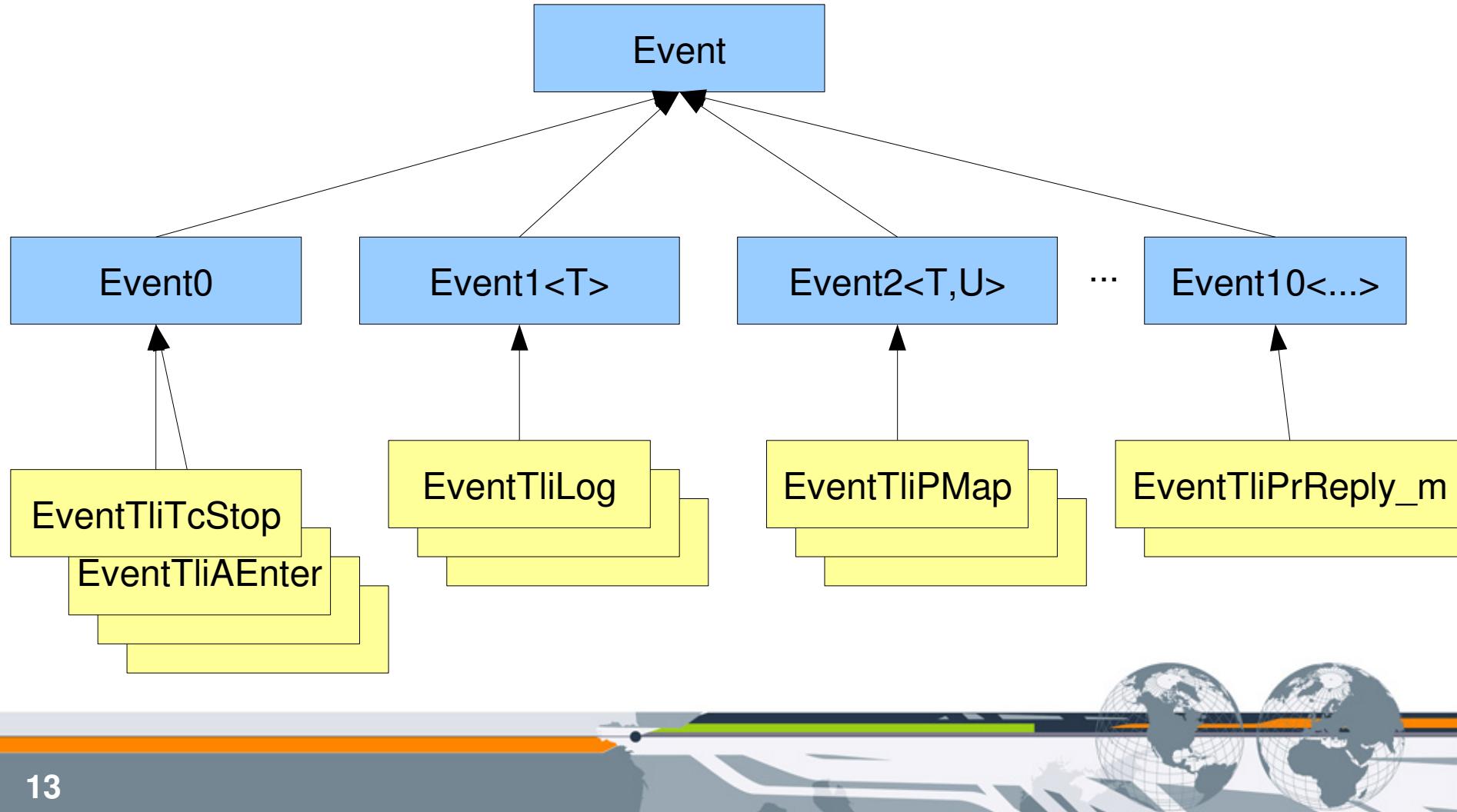
```
void tliPMap
```

```
(String am, long int ts, String src,  
long int line, TriComponentId c,  
TriPortId port1, TriPortId port2)
```

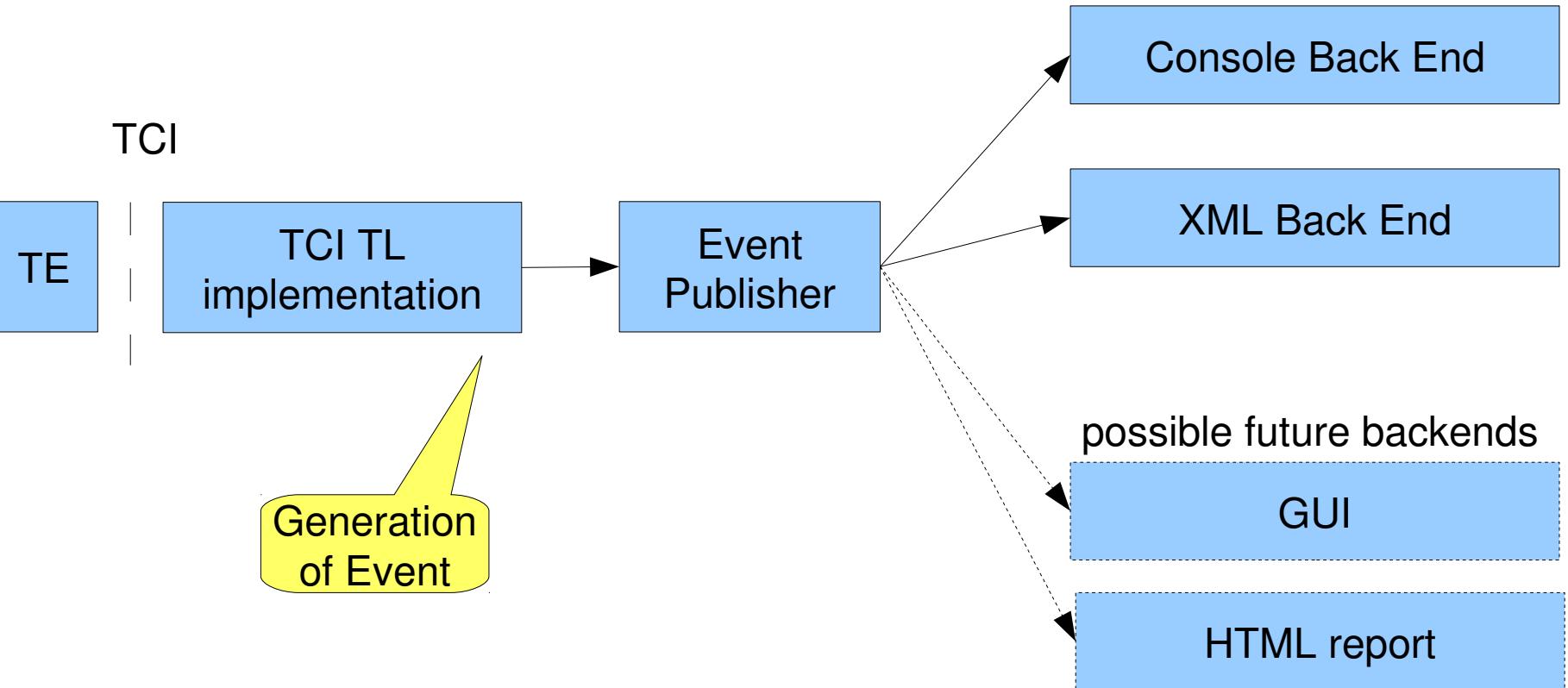
common
parameters

event-specific
parameters

Representation of Events



TL Module layout



Advantages of the framework

- A generic *Event* format
 - Backend implementation is easier
 - no need to know about all possible events
 - insensitive to future changes in the TCI standard
- XML format for storing event
 - standard format → good interoperability
 - ability to convert old log files to future TL formats using XSL transformations → good durability

Future tasks

- Define interfaces to allow :
 - implementing specific presentation formats
 - analysing the messages and generating a description
- Implement a GUI

Conclusion

- Specialised Test Loggers are useful
- TCI-TL does not facilitate the development of modular & reusable TL modules
- The proposed framework aims to solve this issue
 - Modular design
 - Insensitive to future API changes
 - Open source

Questions ?

Contacts: abaire@irisa.fr / viho@irisa.fr

The logging framework will be distributed in future releases of T3DevKit

→<http://t3devkit.gforge.inria.fr/>